

Minika Dobhal

CLASS - XI **MATHS**

M.M.: 100

TIME: 3 Hrs.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- This question paper has 4 pages
- All questions are compulsory. 2.
- Section A has Q. 1-4 which carries 1 mark each. 3. Section B has Q. 5-12 which carries 2 marks each. Section C has Q. 13-23 which carries 4 marks each. Section D has Q. 24-29 which carries 6 marks each.
- Use of calculator is not allowed.

SECTION A

N.K. BAGRODIA PUBLIC SCHOOL, DWARKA

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION (2017-18)

- Find the value of $8\cos^3\frac{\Pi}{9} 6\cos\frac{\Pi}{9}$
- If 'n' is any integer, then find the value of $(1-i)^n$ $\left(1-\frac{1}{i}\right)^n$
- Find $(n+1)^{th}$ term from the end in the expansion of $\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{3n}$
- If $A = 1 + r^a + r^{2a} + \dots + \infty$ and $B = 1 + r^b + r^{2b} + \dots + \infty \text{ then find } r^a \cdot r^b$

- Find real ' θ ' such that $\frac{3+2i\sin\theta}{1-2i\sin\theta}$ is purely real. \vee
- If a, b, c are in A.P.; b, c, d are in G.P. and $\frac{1}{c}$, $\frac{1}{d}$, $\frac{1}{e}$ are in A.P. prove that a, c, e are in G.P.
- Find the sum of 'n' terms of series: $\frac{1}{1x^2} + \frac{1}{2x^3} + \frac{1}{3x^4} + \dots$

Q8 If
$$x^P$$
 occurs in the expansion of $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{2n}$
Prove that its coefficient is $\frac{(2n)!}{\left(\frac{4n-P}{3}\right)!}\left(\frac{2n+P}{3}\right)!$

- Q9 In any \triangle ABC, prove that : a sin (B-C) + b sin (C-A) + c sin (A-B) = 0
- Q10 Solve the following system of inequalities : $|x-1| \le 5$, $|x| \ge 2$
- Q11 Find the $\sin \frac{x}{2}$, $\cos \frac{x}{2}$ if $\sin x = \frac{1}{4}$, where x lies in second quadrant.
- Q12 In how many ways 5 boys and 3 girls be seated in a row so that no two girls are together?

SECTION C

- Q13 By using principle of Mathematical Induction, prove that $2.7^n + 3.5^n 5$ is divisible by 24 for all $n \in N$.
- Q14 Solve the system of linear inequalities graphically : $x + 2y \ge 0$, $2x + y \le 4$, x > 0, y < 2
- Q15 If the A.M. and G.M. between two numbers are in the ratio m : n, then prove that the numbers are in the ratio $m+\sqrt{m^2-n^2}$: $m-\sqrt{m^2-n^2}$
- Q16 Convert the following complex number into polar form :

$$\frac{i-1}{\cos\frac{\Pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\Pi}{3}}$$

- Q17 In any \triangle ABC, prove that : $(b^2-c^2) \cot A + (c^2-a^2) \cot B + (a^2-b^2) \cot C = 0$
- Q18 If α and β are different complex number with $|\beta|=1$, then find $\left|\frac{\beta-\alpha}{1-\overline{\alpha}\beta}\right|$

Q19 Solve the following equations:

$$4 \sin x \cos x + 2 \sin x + 2 \cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x \tan x - 1 = \tan x - \sin x$$

- Q20 How many words with or without meaning, each of 2 vowels and 3 consonants can be formed from the letters of the word 'HONESTY'?

 Write the importance of HONESTY in our life.
- Q21 Find the coefficient of x^4 in the expansion of the product $(1 + 2x)^4 (2 x)^5$

OR

Find the value of 'K' so that the term independent of 'x' in the expansion of $\left(\sqrt{x} - \frac{K}{x^2}\right)^{10}$ is 405.

- Q22 If the coefficients of three consecutive terms in the expansion of $(1+x)^n$ are in the ratio 1 : 7 : 42, find n.
- Q23 The difference between any two consecutive interior angles of a polygen is 5°. If the smallest angle is 120°, find the number of sides of polygon.

OR

If 'a', 'b' are the roots of $x^2 - 3x + p = 0$ and c, d are the roots of $x^2 - 12x + q = 0$. Where a, b, c, d form a G.P., prove that :

$$(q + p) : (q - p) = 17 : 15$$

SECTION D

- Q24 If a_1 , a_2 , a_3 and a_4 are coefficients of any four consecutive terms in the expansion of $(1+x)^n$, prove that : $\frac{a_1}{a_2+a_1}+\frac{a_3}{a_3+a_4}=\frac{2a_2}{a_2+a_3}$
- Q25 Prove that :

$$\sin 10^{\circ} \sin 30^{\circ} \sin 50^{\circ} \sin 70^{\circ} = \frac{1}{16}$$

OR

a) Prove that :

$$\cos^2 x + \cos^2 \left(x + \frac{\Pi}{3} \right) + \cos^2 \left(x - \frac{\Pi}{3} \right) = \frac{3}{2}$$

b) Prove that : $\frac{\sec 8x - 1}{\sec 4x - 1} = \frac{\tan 8x}{\tan 2x} \checkmark$

Q26 a) Find the sum to 'n' term of series :

4

- 5 + 7 + 13 + 31 + 85 +
- b). If a, b, c are in G.P. and $a^{1/x} = b^{1/y} = c^{1/z}$ then prove that x, y z are in A.P. 2
- Q27 a) Find the square root of 1-i

4

2

- b) If $x iy = \sqrt{\frac{a ib}{c id}}$ then prove that : $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{c^2 + d^2}$
- Q28 In how many ways can the letters of the word 'PERMUTATIONS' be arranged such that:
 - a) P comes before S.

N. W.

- b) Word start with P and end with S.
- c) All vowels are together
- d) P comes before S and there are always 4 letters between P and S.
- A solution of 8% boric acid is to be diluted by adding a 2% boric acid solution to it. The resulting mixture is to be more than 4%, but less than 6% boric acid. If we have 640 litres of 8% solution, how many litres of 2% solution will have to be added?
 - will have to be added ?

 b) An electrician can be paid under two schemes as given below:

 Scheme I: ₹ 500 and ₹ 70 per hour.

Scheme II : ₹ 120 per hour.

If the job takes 'x' hours, for what value of 'x' does the scheme I give the

electrician better wages?