

APEEJAY SCHOOL PANCHSHEEL PARK

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2024-25)

MATHEMATICS - Class VIII

Name	of th	ie sti	ud	en	t:
Time .	Allo	wed:	2	1/2	hrs

Date: M.M. 60

Conoral	Instructions
General	Instructions

ii. Section A:iii. Section B:iv. Section C:v. Section D:vi. Section E:	ion paper consists of 27 question No. 1 to 12 are a Question No. 13 to 16 are Question No. 17 to 22 are Question No. 23 to 24 are Question No. 25 to 27 are ns are compulsory.	multiple choice question short answer type I que short answer type II que long answer type ques	restions of 2 marks each. itions of 5 marks each.
	SECTION	A	(1 X 12=12)
1. If a and b are positive	ve integers, then the solut	ion of the equation ax	b will be always:
a) positive	-b) negative	c) one	d) zero
2. Which of the follow	ing cannot be a perfect so	quare?	
a) 841	b) 529	c) 198	d) 144
3. The one's digit in t	he square of 23 is		e e f
a) 6	b) 7	c) 3	-479
4. If x be any intege	r different from zero and	m be any positive inte	ger, then x ^{-m} is equal to
a) x ^m	b) –x ^m	$-c)\frac{1}{x^m}$	$d)\frac{-1}{x^m}$
5. ABCD is a quadrila	teral in which AB = 5 cm	, $CD = 8$ cm and the su	ım of angle A and angle
D is 180°. What is	the name of this quadrila	iteral?	
a) Parallelogram	b) Trapezium	c) Rhombus	d) Square
6 Which of the follow	ving is the reciprocal of th	e reciprocal of a ration	nal number?
	b) 1	c) 0	d The number itself
a) -1	pers in the number pattern	1, 4, 9, 16, 25 are	
 The next two nume a)35, 48 	b) 36, 49	c) 36, 48	d) 35,49

8. Assertion (A) – Natural numbers are commutative for subtraction

Reason (R) – Rational numbers are commutative under addition and multiplication

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- -d) A is false but R is true
 - 9. Write the rational numbers that are equal to their reciprocals.
 - 10. The square of 5.5 is 30.25.
 - 11. The cube of 0.3 is <u>0.027</u>.
 - 12. Match the following

1) $y \times y \times y$	1	a)	y	
2) $\sqrt[3]{y^3}$		b)	y^3	

SECTION B

(2 X 4=8)

- 13. Given the linear equation 5(2x-3)+7=3(4x+1), check whether x=2 is a solution of the equation.
- 14. Name the property used in each of the following.

a)
$$-\frac{7}{11} \times \frac{-3}{5} = \frac{-3}{5} \times \frac{-7}{11}$$

b)
$$-\frac{2}{3} \times \left[\frac{3}{4} + \frac{-1}{2} \right] = \left[\frac{-2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{-2}{3} \times \frac{-1}{2} \right]$$

c)
$$\frac{1}{3} + \left[\frac{4}{9} + \left(\frac{-4}{3}\right)\right] = \left[\frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{9}\right] + \left[\frac{-4}{3}\right]$$

d)
$$\frac{-2}{7} + 0 = 0 + \frac{-2}{7} = -\frac{2}{7}$$

- 15. Check whether 46656 is a perfect cube or not?
- 16. Express each of the following in standard form:
 - a) Mass of a molecule of hydrogen gas is about 0.000000000000000000334 tons.
 - b) Pluto is 59,1,30,00, 000 m away from the sun.

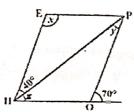
SECTION C

(3 X 6=18)

17. Solve and check the following equation:

$$15(y-4)-2(y-9)+5(y+6)=0$$

18. The adjacent figure HOPE is a parallelogram. Find the angle measures x, y and z. State the properties used to find them.



- 19.A diagonal and a side of a rhombus are equal in length. Find the measure of angles of the rhombus.
- 20. Find the smallest perfect square divisible by 3, 4, 5 and 6
- 21. What is the least number that should be subtracted from 1385 to get a perfect square? Also find the square root of the perfect square.

22. If
$$\frac{5^{m} X 5^{3} X 5^{-2}}{5^{-5}} = 5^{12}$$
, find m.

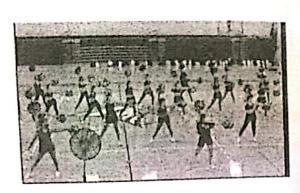
23. a) Using appropriate properties, find:

$$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{-3}{7} - \frac{1}{14} - \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} \tag{3}$$

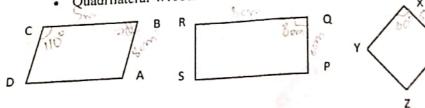
b) Let a, b, c be the three rational numbers where
$$a = \frac{2}{3}$$
, $b = \frac{3}{4}$, and $c = \frac{-5}{6}$,
Verify: $a \times (b \times c) = (a \times b) \times c$ (2)

- 24. a) Find the smallest number by which 704 must be divided to obtain a perfect cube (3)
 - b) The volume of a cube is 512 cubic meters. Find the length of the side of the cube. (2)

25. During dance practice in a school 6570 students of different schools are arranged in rows such that the number of students in each row is equal to the number of rows. In doing so, the instructor finds out that 9 children are left out.



- a) When arranged for a dance, number of students in each row are equal to number of rows.
- (1)Find the number of children in each row of the square. (1)b) How many students were left out in the arrangement?
- c) What is the number of students forming the square?
- 26. Anita is working on a problem $\left(\frac{2^4 \times 5^3}{10^6}\right) \times 10^{-6}$ that involves exponents, powers, and expressing large numbers in the standard form.
 - a) Simplify the expression: $\left(\frac{2^4 \text{X } 5^3}{10^6}\right) \times 10^{-6}$ (2)(1)
 - b) What is the value of $\left(\frac{2^4 \times 5^3}{10^3}\right)$? (1)
 - c) If a×10ⁿ is the standard form of the final result of part a), what is the value of n
 - 27 A landscape architect is designing a small garden. The garden is divided into different sections. each shaped like a quadrilateral. The diagram below shows the top view of the garden, with quadrilateral sections labelled as ABCD, PQRS and WXYZ. The measurements of the angles and sides are given.
 - Quadrilateral ABCD is a parallelogram with AB=8m, BC=5 m, and ∠ABC=70*.
 - Quadrilateral PQRS is a rectangle with PQ=6 m, QR=8 m.
 - Quadrilateral WXYZ is a rhombus with WX=6 m, and ∠WXY=60°



- a) In quadrilateral ABCD, since it is a parallelogram, calculate the measure of ∠BCD and ∠DAB. write the properties of parallelograms that you used to find these angles. (1)
- b) In quadrilateral PQRS, find the length of PR. (1)
- e) In quadrilateral WXYZ, find the length of XY.